Information for the User Diclofenac (50mg) + Paracetamol (325mg) + Trypsin Chymotrypsin (50000AU)

Chymoedge DP Tablet

Diclofenac (50 mg) + Paracetamol (325 mg) + Trypsin Chymotrypsin (50,000 AU) Tablet

Composition

Each tablet contains:

- Diclofenac (as Diclofenac Sodium) 50 mg
- Paracetamol (Acetaminophen) 325 mg
- Trypsin Chymotrypsin 50,000 AU (activity units)

Description

This combination tablet contains Diclofenac, a non-steroidal antiinflammatory drug (NSAID), Paracetamol, a well-known analgesic and antipyretic, and Trypsin Chymotrypsin, a proteolytic enzyme combination with antiinflammatory properties.

Diclofenac works by inhibiting cyclooxygenase (COX), reducing the production of inflammatory mediators called prostaglandins, thereby alleviating pain and inflammation.

- Paracetamol helps relieve mild to moderate pain and reduces fever by acting on the brain's temperature regulation center and inhibiting pain perception.
- Trypsin Chymotrypsin are enzymes that help reduce inflammation and assist in healing by breaking down

Indications

This combination is indicated for the relief of:

inflammatory proteins and

promoting tissue repair.

- Acute pain (e.g., musculoskeletal pain, dental pain, or post-surgical pain)
- Chronic pain (e.g., osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis)
- Inflammatory conditions (e.g., soft tissue injuries, strains, sprains)
- Post-operative pain
- Pain and inflammation associated with trauma (e.g., fractures, sprains)

Contraindications

- Hypersensitivity to any of the ingredients (Diclofenac, Paracetamol, Trypsin Chymotrypsin)
- Active peptic ulcer or history of recurrent ulcers
- Severe liver or kidney dysfunction
- Pregnancy: Avoid during the first and third trimesters, unless clearly necessary. Consult your doctor before use during pregnancy.
- Severe heart disease: Caution is advised in individuals with cardiovascular disease, as Diclofenac may increase the risk of heart attack or stroke.

Warnings and Precautions

- Gastrointestinal risk: NSAIDs like Diclofenac may cause gastrointestinal bleeding, ulceration, or perforation, especially with prolonged use. Use the lowest effective dose for the shortest possible duration.
- Renal or hepatic impairment: Caution is required if you have liver or kidney issues, as both Diclofenac and Paracetamol are metabolized in the liver. Dose adjustment may be necessary.
- Cardiovascular disease: Use Diclofenac with caution in individuals with heart disease, as it can cause fluid retention, high blood pressure, and increased risk of heart events.

If you experience any of these serious side effects, seek immediate medical attention.

Drug Interactions

- Other NSAIDs, corticosteroids, or anticoagulants: May increase the risk of gastrointestinal bleeding and ulcers.
- Blood pressure medications (e.g., ACE inhibitors, diuretics):
 Diclofenac may reduce the effectiveness of blood pressurelowering drugs.
- Lithium: Diclofenac may increase lithium blood levels, which could lead to toxicity.

Storage

Side Effects

Common side effects may include:

- Gastrointestinal: Nausea, indigestion, abdominal discomfort, bloating, or constipation
- Headache or dizziness
- Fatigue or drowsiness

Serious side effects include:

- Gastrointestinal bleeding: Black or tarry stools, blood in vomit, or severe abdominal pain
- Liver or kidney damage: Yellowing of skin or eyes, dark urine, reduced urine output
- Severe allergic reactions: Difficulty breathing, swelling of the face, lips, or throat
- Heart issues: Shortness of breath, chest pain, or swelling of the legs

- Store below 25°C in a cool, dry place, away from direct sunlight.
- Keep the tablets in their original container to protect from moisture.
- Keep out of reach of children.

Note: Always follow your healthcare provider's instructions on how to use this medication. Do not exceed the recommended dose.

Manufactured in India for:



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